## TOSHIBA MACHINE

Synchronous AC Servo

## BS Servo X Series

## BS Servo Amplifiers

Standard servo amplifier
Tiny positioner amplifier
VLBus-V servo amplifier

VLASX-008P2-HXX ~ 400P4
VLPSX-008P2-HBX ~ 400P4
VLASX-008P2-HVX ~ 400P4


# With an eye to realizing $100 \%$ customer satisfaction BS Servo X Series 

The $X$ series BS servo amplifier has further improved the quick response and high accuracy of the predecessor amplifier by employing a new high-speed calculation system.
A variety of functions and extensive personal computer (PC) tools simplify the servo adjustment. The $X$ series whose servo performance is enhanced significantly contributes to remarkable machine performance.

## High-speed calculation system: Dramatic improvement of servo performance with Velconic V/C Engine

Development of new LSI (V-Engine, C-Engine)
A control loop is configured by hardware to realize high-speed calculation
■ Speed control sampling time: Reduction to $1 / 2$, compared with our V series.
■ Current control sampling time: Reduction to $1 / 6$, compared with our V series. (Effects)
The settling time can be shortened sharply with improved takt time (or cycle time). The control range extends with easy servo adjustment.
Strong servo rigidity can be assured against disturbance


Sampling time

## Evolving resolver feedback type servo system

The resolver type which is overwhelmingly superior to the encoder type in environment resistance has now the performance as good as the encoder type. The BS servo assuring quick response and high accuracy can not only withstand a hostile environment, but build up an ideal servo system.
In the machine employing a quick response servo, vibration will be caused easily. Generally, deterioration is facilitated by the vibration, and a serious trouble will occur suddenly.
The resolver has a coil structure without an electronic circuit and assures outstanding durability against vibration. Thanks to this durability, the BS servo is popularized in a diversity of machines including a loom, spring fabricating machine, transport and
 loading/unloading equipment, and transfer system.
Durability, quick response and high accuracy are improving continuously.

## Features of BS servo $X$ series

## Consisting of the following three different amplifiers.

The standard amplifier has a pulse train input/analog input command system and allows operations of the speed, current, position, speed/current/position, direct feed and draw control modes.
The tiny positioner amplifier is specially designed for the PTP positioning purpose. It has the point designation method and position data direct command system and supports the DeviceNet, CCl-Link, RS485 and I/O.
The VLBus-V amplifier is a link amplifier which connects positioning unit NCBOY-200 or 3200 on the master side via optical communication when high-grade positioning control, synchronous operation, etc. are required.

## High speed

High-speed control is realized by the use of speed/current control loop hardware and highspeed sampling of motor sensor.

## High performance

The amplifier incorporates the damping function. When it is used for a machine of low rigidity construction, stable transfer operation is possible.

## Easy adjustment

- You can select either of the four auto tuning modes according the servo system condition.
- You can perform setting of various parameters, frequency analysis, profile measurement, input/output status display, alarm display, etc. on the personal computer, using VelWin, the software designed for the Windows.


## Protection function

The servo system is protected by strengthening the main circuit protection function and by various servo alarms detecting function.
Strictly observing RoHs Directive (008P2 ~ 200P3).
Lead, mercury, cadmium or any other hazardous substance, use of which is prohibited, is not contained.
Overseas standards (CE and UL certification applied for) (008P2 ~ 200P3)


## X series Servo Amplifier

Control and Function

## Simple servo adjustment

You can perform servo adjustment by only three steps, using the inertia measurement function of the personal computer (PC) tool (SHANX).
STEP1: Set the target loop gain to a value not causing hunting. (20 rad/s or so) (TP01 = 0, TP02 = 20)

STEP2: Execute the inertia measurement menu of SHANX. (TP03 = Result of measurement is automatically set.)
STEP3: Set the target loop gain suited for machine characteristics.
(TP02 = Target loop gain)


## Option

The high-speed pulse I/O option or high-resolution analog I/O option can be selected for the option slot. (This function cannot be used for the VLBus-V servo amplifier or tiny positioner amplifier.) The standard specification does not include the analog output. When you wish to use this function, contact us.

| Option | I/O | Specification |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| High-speed pulse I/O | Pulse input | Phase AB 1 MHz UP/DOWN 4 Mpps PULS/SIGN 4 Mpps |
|  | Pulse output | Phase A/B 1 MHz UP/DOWN 4 Mpps |
| High-resolution analog I/O | Analog input | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \mathrm{ch} \\ & \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, 16 \text {-bit A/D } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Analog output | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \mathrm{ch} \\ & \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, 16 \text {-bit D/A } \end{aligned}$ |

## Damping function

In the machine system with low rigidity, vibration caused at stop can be controlled.
This function is very effective in the range of a few Hz to several of tens Hz which is caused in the servo system, excluding disturbance. Vibration at high frequency has been controlled by using notch filters in the past. The X series is equipped with an increased number of notch filters.


## VLBus amplifier

When this amplifier is connected with NCBOY-200 or -3200 incorporating the synchronous operation command, multitask command, NC command and sequence command via high-speed communication, up to 32 axes can be controlled. VLBus-V is the communication system realized by connecting an optical fiber cable.

## Features

1. Optical fiber cable connection.
2.High-speed communication as fast as 10 Mbps .
3.Transmission interval of highest speed is 0.8 ms , which can be changed with the number of axes controlled.
4.Connection of up to 32 axes.
5.Data transmission of $64 / 64$ bytes per axis.
6.Cyclic communication function and message communication function are available.


## Personal computer（PC）tool

PC tool SHANX allows you to select the servo motor，perform simulation as per the predetermined operation pattern， various monitor，parameter setting，profile and frequency analysis，auto tuning，etc．，through the personal computer．It is very useful when you start up and adjust the servo system．


## Motor sensor

Either sensor with high accuracy，quick response and environment resistance can be selected．Additionally， ABZ／UVW encoder and interpolator are also available．

## Auto tuning

The auto turning mode comes in the four modes；standard mode，semi－auto mode，realtime mode and manual mode， and complex servo adjustment is possible all the way from designing to real operation．
Standard mode
上ア－日 $\rightarrow \rightarrow$ B

| $\angle P-\Omega E$ |
| :---: |
| Setting of target loop gain |

$E P-\square \exists$
Setting of load inertia
Semi－auto mode ヒア－』 $\rightarrow$ ！
Load inertia is estimated in tuning operation．

Load inertia is estimated consecutively during machine operation．

| $\angle P-M \Sigma$ |
| :---: |
| Setting of target loop gain |

Manual mode $\quad E P-\sharp i \rightarrow \exists$

All gain is set manually．

## TFC control

The new control system can improve the frequency characteristic in a low－rigidity machine liable to cause vibration．Vibration is controlled by estimating the machine characteristics．Thus the gain of the control system can be enhanced and the settling time can be reduced．


## X Series Standard Servo Amplifier

## Display and Operation

## Hierarchal operation

On the display \& operation unit, you can perform display of servo motor operation status, check of sequence or alarm, adjustment of each control command value, setting of user parameters including selection of control mode and resolution, and setting of turning parameters for servo adjustment.


## User parameters

Specify the servo amplifier parameters according to the operation characteristic of the machine. For the electronic gear, setting of a fraction is possible, and the acceleration/deceleration comes with two types; S-type acceleration/deceleration and linear acceleration/deceleration. Also, joint use of holding and dynamic brakes is possible.

| No. | Parameter name | No. | Parameter name | No. | Parameter name |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UP-01 | Control mode (*1) | UP-23 | Common power supply mode (*4) | UP-45 | Sequence output reversal |
| UP-02 | Motor code | UP-24 | Feedrate 1 | UP-46 | Sequence input/output selection |
| UP-03 | Resolver cable length | UP-25 | Feedrate 2 | UP-47 | In-position timer |
| UP-04 | Numerator of electronic gear | UP-26 | Feedrate 3 | UP-48 | Electronic gear factor |
| UP-05 | Denominator of electronic gear | UP-27 | Feedrate 4 | UP-49 | VMOUT output selection |
| UP-06 | Home point shift value | UP-28 | Stop detection speed | UP-50 | VMOUT output scale |
| UP-07 | In-position length | UP-29 | Coincident speed | UP-51 | AMOUT output selection |
| UP-08 | Ampere limit value | UP-30 | Width of coincident speed detection | UP-52 | AMOUT output scale |
| UP-09 | Soft start acceleration time | UP-31 | Motor test speed | UP-53 | Split count of position feedback pulse (upper-digit) |
| UP-10 | Soft start deceleration time | UP-32 | Analog I/O selection | UP-54 | Split count of position feedback pulse (lower-digit) |
| UP-11 | S-type acceleration/deceleration time | UP-33 | Load factor time constant | UP-55 | Setting of VLBus-V operation check |
| UP-12 | ABS mode | UP-34 | Limit changeover type | UP-56 | Setting of rotation coordinate system (upper-digit) |
| UP-13 | Holding brake operation | UP-35 | Speed limit value | UP-57 | Setting of rotation coordinate system (lower-digit) |
| UP-14 | Brake ON speed (*2) | UP-36 | Forward drive current limit value | UP-58 | Selection of LS function |
| UP-15 | Analog command polarity | UP-37 | Forward rotation absorption current limit value | UP-59 | Selection of LS function reversal |
| UP-16 | Pulse command type | UP-38 | Reverse drive current limit value | UP-60 | Home point stop method |
| UP-17 | Pulse output type | UP-39 | Reverse rotation absorption current limit value | UP-61 | Monitor type of analog input |
| UP-18 | Differential output type (*3) | UP-40 | Width of drive/absorption detection | UP-62 | Permission/prohibition of level 4 alarm detection |
| UP-19 | Position control polarity | UP-41 | Numerator of display magnification | UP-63 | Overrun stop time |
| UP-20 | Draw factor | UP-42 | Denominator of display magnification | UP-64 | Draw value |
| UP-21 | External reverse-current absorption resistance | UP-43 | Decimal point position of display |  |  |
| UP-22 | Capacity of external reverse-current absorption resistor | UP-44 | Sequence input reversal |  |  |

*1: Specify the speed control, current control, speed/current/position control, direct feed or draw control mode. For the VLBus-V specification, "31" is predetermined.
*2: Specify the operation speed of the holding brake.
*3: Select the differential output function and content (i.e., pulse output, display output, ABS present value, command pulse, or draw pulse).
*4: Specify when you wish to use the main circuit DC power in common.

## Alarm code table

The self-diagnosis function is provided, and the content of a trouble is displayed by code. The alarm history function records the order of alarm generation if two or more alarms have occurred at the same time, thus the maintenance can be facilitated.

| No. | Alarm message | No. | Alarm message | No. | Alarm message |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AL01 | Overcurrent (OC) | AL18 | Instant thermal (POL) | AL36 | ABS battery cable breakage (ABT) |
| AL02 | Overvoltage (OV) | AL19 | Resolver phase error (RESERR) | AL37 (*2) | Coordinate counter over (COVER) |
| AL03 | PN voltage drop (PNLV) | AL20 | Overspeed (OSPD) | AL38 (*3) | Overrun (OVTR) |
| AL04 | Main power input error (ACINF) | AL21 | Deviation counter over (FULL) | AL39 (*2) | Limit error (LIMERR) |
| AL05 | Charging resistor overheat (CROH) | AL22 | Resolver ABS phase error (ABSE) | AL40 | Encoder breakage (EREE) |
| AL06 | Resolver cable breakage (RELV) | AL23 | Resolver ABS breakage (ACN) | AL41 | Encoder communication error (ETER) |
| AL07 | Power status error (POWFAIL) | AL24 | ABS battery alarm (BAL) | AL42 | Encoder backup error (EBACK) |
| AL08 | Servo amplifier overheat (SOH) | AL25 | Option alarm (OPALM) | AL43 | Encoder checksum error (ECKER) |
| AL09 | Reverse-current absorption resistor <br> overheat (RGOH) | AL26 | Parameter setting error (CERR) | AL44 | Encoder battery alarm (EBAL) |
| AL10 | Reverse-current absorption error (RGST) | AL27 | Resolver ABS error (AEERR) | AL45 | Encoder ABS phase error (EABSE) |
| AL11 | Undefined | AL28 (*1) | Link error (LINKERR) | AL46 | Encoder overspeed (EOSPD) |
| AL12 | Undefined | AL29 | Home point unsaved error (MZE) | AL47 | Encoder interrupt error (EWER) |
| AL13 | ABS battery voltage drop (BLV) | AL30 | Command value over (CONDV) | AL48 | Encoder initialize error (EINIT) |
| AL14 | Brake error (BERR) | AL32 | Present value over (ACTOV) | AL49 | Encoder sensor phase error (PHSERR) |
| AL15 | Overcurrent detection (OCS) | AL33 | ABS home point invalid (CLD) | AL50 (*2) | Data input error (DATAE) |
| AL16 | Speed amplifier saturation (VAS) | AL34 (*3) | Soft limit + over (SOTP) | AL51 (*2) | Present value undecided error (ACTE) |
| AL17 | Motor overload (MOL) | AL35 (*3) | Soft limit - over (SOTM) | AL52 (*2) | Communication error (COM) |

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## Sequence Input/Output for Each Control Mode

## Standard sequence input/output

You can select either of the speed, current, position, speed/current/position, direct feed and draw control modes. Standard input/output signals are assigned to each control mode. Assignment of input/output signals other than the standard input/output signals is also possible.

| Control mode <br> Assignment | 01 <br> Speed control | $\begin{gathered} 02 \\ \text { Current control } \end{gathered}$ | 03 <br> Position control | 04 <br> Speed, current, position control | 05 Direct feed | $\begin{gathered} 06 \\ \text { Draw control } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REF | Speed command | Speed limit | - | Speed command or speed limit | Feedrate 1 | - |
| CLI | Current limit | Current command | Current limit | Current limit or current command | Feedrate 2 | - |
| VMON, AMON | Speed, current monitor (Output selection is possible by parameter. Option is supported.) |  |  |  |  |  |
| FMA, FMB | - | - | Pulse command | Pulse command | - | Pulse command |
| AP,BP,ZP | Encoder output, display output, present value output, command pulse output, draw pulse output |  |  |  |  |  |
| IN7 | Operation | Operation | Operation | Operation | Operation | Operation |
| IN6 | Reset | Reset | Reset | Reset | Reset | Reset |
| IN5 | MB check | MB check | MB check | MB check | MB check | MB check |
| IN4 | Forward rotation permit | - | Forward rotation permit | Deviation clear | Speed selection 2 | DRAW3 |
| IN3 | Reverse rotation permit | Monitor changeover | Reverse rotation permit | Current control changeover | Speed selection 1 | DRAW2 |
| IN2 | Present value clear | Present value clear | Deviation clear | Position control changeover | Forward rotation command | DRAW1 |
| IN1 | Home point stop | Speed limit changeover | Home point stop | Home point stop | Reverse rotation command | DRAW0 |
| INO | PON input | PON input | PON input | PON input | PON input | PON input |
| OUT4 | Servo normal | Servo normal | Servo normal | Servo normal | Servo normal | Servo normal |
| OUT3 | Servo ready | Servo ready | Servo ready | Servo ready | Servo ready | Servo ready |
| OUT2 | During home point stop | Stop detection | In-position / <br> During home point stop | In-position / <br> During home point stop | Stop detection | Stop detection |
| OUT1 | Warning | Warning | Warning | Warning | Warning | Warning |
| OUTO | MB output | MB output | MB output | MB output | MB output | MB output |

## Example of special sequence input/output

When you wish to use a sequence function other than the standard sequence, you can select it within the number of I/Os. (Option)

|  | Special 1 <br> for mode 01 | Special 2 <br> for mode 01 | Special 3 <br> for mode 02 | Special 4 for mode 03 | Special 5 for mode 03 | Special 6 for mode 04 | Special 7 <br> for mode 05 | Special 8 for mode 06 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IN5 | Current limit change-over | MB check | MB check | Current limit change-over | MB check | MB check | Speed selection 2 | MB check |
| IN4 | DB check | DB check | DB check | DB check | DB check | DB check | DB check | DB check |
| IN3 | Zero command | Monitor change-over | Monitor change-over | Present value clear | Present value clear | Current control change-over | Speed selection 1 | Pulse prohibit |
| IN2 | Present value clear | Present value clear | Present value clear | Deviation clear | Deviation clear | Position control change-over | Forward rotation command | Forward rotation command |
| IN1 | Home point stop | Home point stop | Limit change-over | Home point stop | Home point stop | Limit change-over | Reverse rotation command | Reverse rotation command |
| OUT2 | Home point stop ON | Home point stop ON | Stop detection | In-position / Home point stop ON | In-position / Home point stop ON | In-position / Stop detection | Stop detection | Stop detection |
| OUT1 | DB output | DB output | DB output | DB output | DB output | DB output | DB output | DB output |
| OUTO | Warning | MB output | MB output | Warning | MB output | MB output | Warning | MB output |

## Input/output sequence of VLBus-V specification

| Assignment | NCBOY mode 31 | Assignment | NCBOY mode 31 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REF | Analog input A | IN7 | General-purpose input |
| CLI | Analog input B | IN6 | Home point slowdown limit |
| FMA, FMB | Pulse input | IN5 | MB input |
| APD, BPD, ZPD | Present value output <br>  Command value output |  |  |
|  |  | IN4 | DB input |
|  |  | IN3 | "+" overrun |
|  |  | IN2 | "-" overrun |
|  |  | OUT2 ~4 | Skip |
|  |  | OUT1 | Meneral-purpose output |
|  |  | OUT0 | DB output |

Each input/output of VLBus-V servo amplifier allows analog connection and pulse connection. You can assign a desired function to general-purpose input/output.

## General specifications/Performance specifications

| Type of amplifier |  | 008P2 | 012P2 | 025P2 | 035P3 | 070P3 | 100P3 | 200P3 | 320P3 | 500P3 | 400P4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Control system |  | PWM, 3-phase sine-wave |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Main circuit | Master power voltage | Single phaseAC200 $\sim 230 \mathrm{~V}$$-15 \% \sim+10 \% \quad 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Three-phase } \\ \text { AC200 } \sim 230 \mathrm{~V} \\ -15 \%+10 \% \quad 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Power capacity | 250VA | 1.2kVA | 1.7kVA | 2.6kVA | 5.4 kVA | 8.0kVA | 18kVA | 35 kVA | 59kVA | 83KVA |
| Control circuit | Master power voltage | $\begin{gathered} \text { Single phase } \\ \text { AC200 } \sim 230 \mathrm{~V} \\ -15 \% \sim+10 \% \quad 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Single phase AC200~230 V <br> $\% ~+10 \% \quad 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Power capacity | 50VA | 50VA | 50VA | 65VA | 80VA | 80VA | 100VA | 150VA | 150VA | 350VA |
| Max. motor combination |  | 200W | 500W | 1kW | 1.5 kW | 3.4 kW | 5.0kW | 11 kW | 20kW | 33 kW | 55Kw |
| Continuous output current |  | 2.2A(rms) | 3.4A(rms) | $5.7 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{rms})$ | 8.3A(rms) | $18.4 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{rms})$ | 28.3 A (rms) | 56.6A(rms) | 99A(rms) | 166A(rms) | 134 A (rms) |
| Instantaneous max. current |  | 5.7A(rms) | 8.5A(rms) | 17.7 A (rms) | 25.0A(rms) | 49.5 A (rms) | 71.0 A (rms) | 141A(rms) | 226A(rms) | 353A(rms) | $283 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{rms})$ |
| Speed position sensor |  | Resolver or 17-bit serial encoder (Both resolver and encoder can have absolute specifications.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Range of speed control |  | 1:5000 (Ratio of lower limit speed and rated speed, which allows output of motor rated current.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Speed fluctuation ratio |  | $\pm 0.02 \%$ or less under load of $0 \sim 100 \%$ or at power of $-15 \sim 10 \% . \pm 0.2 \%$ or less at temperature of $0 \sim 55{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (The specified values are obtainable at rated speed.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Heat loss | Main circuit | 15W | 22W | 39W | 58W | 98W | 178W | 310 W | 720W | 1200W | 1900W |
|  | Control circuit | 20W | 20W | 20W | 26W | 32W | 32W | 40W | 50W | 50W | 140W |
| Reverse-current absorption resistor capacity (*1) |  | 20W | 20W | 30W | 60W | 80W | 100W | 180W | Changes with external resistor capacity. |  |  |
| Mass (standard) |  | 1.3 Kg | 1.3 Kg | 2.3 Kg | 2.4 Kg | 4.5 Kg | 7 Kg | 12 Kg | 31 kg | 63 kg | 120kg |
| Outer dimensions ( $\mathrm{W}^{*} \mathrm{H}^{*} \mathrm{D}$ ) |  | $65^{* 170 * 150}$ | $65^{* 170 * 150}$ | 110*170*180 | $110 * 170 \times 180$ | $110 * 250 * 180$ | $130 * 307 * 197$ | $220 * 410 * 230$ | $350 * 500 * 315$ | 585*500*353 | $670 \times 710 * 410$ |
| General-purpose input |  | DC24V, $6 \mathrm{~mA}, 8$ numbers (For speed control: Operation, reset, MB check, forward rotation permit, reverse rotation permit, present value clear, home point stop and PON input) Both sink ("-" common) connection and source ("+" common) connection are possible. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General-purpose output |  | DC24V, $50 \mathrm{~mA}, 5$ numbers (For speed control: Servo normal, servo ready, stop detection, warning and MB output) Both sink ("-" common) connection and source ("+" common) connection are possible. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Speed current control | Speed command | DC0 ~ $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$; Maximum motor speed at $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ (Setting of ratio is possible.) Input resistance $49 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, AD resolution 12-bit (Speed limit in current control mode) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Current command | DC0 $\sim \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$; Maximum motor torque at $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ (Setting of ratio is possible.) Input resistance $49 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{AD}$ resolution 12 -bit (Current command in current control mode) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Position control | Split count | Resolver $24,000 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{rev}$, encoder 131,072 P/rev (Travel distance per pulse can be set by $65535 / 65535$. ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Command type | Forward/reverse rotation pulse (Phase A/phase B pulse and forward/reverse rotation signal/feed pulse are also permitted.) DC3.5 V ~ 5.5 V, 11 mA photo coupler input, frequency 500 kHz (max.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pulse output | Split count | Resolver $24,000 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{rev}$, encoder 131,072 P/rev (Travel distance per pulse can be set by $65535 / 65535$. ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Output type | Phase A/phase B pulse (forward/reverse pulse), Vout: 3 V (typ) 20 mA (max.), output equivalent to AM26LS31, frequency 500 kHz (max.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acceleration /deceleration | Soft start | Acceleration/deceleration time can be set separately for the speed command. Linear acceleration/deceleration in the range of $0.000 \sim 65.535 \mathrm{~s}$ in increments of 0.001 s . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | S-type acceleration deceleration | Acceleration/deceleration time can be specified for speed command or puse command. S-type acceleration/deceleration in the range of 0.000 65.535 s in increments of 0.001 s . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Monitor function | Monitor output | Speed or current monitor, $0 \sim \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$, output resistance $330 \Omega$ (protection against short-circuit), DA resolution 12-bit (option). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Display | LED 5-digit (Various monitor display, check, adjustment and parameter setting are possible.) (Without HMI: Option) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | External display | DPA-80 (extra price) can be connected. (Monitor of speed, current, present value, electronic thermal, etc., is possible.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Auto tuning function |  | Auto gain setting by repeated tuning operation. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Protection function |  | Overcurrent, overvoltage, voltage drop, motor overload (electronic thermal, instant thermal), fin overheat, reverse-current resistor overload, resolver breakage, encoder breakage, etc. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General <br> specifications | Operating environment | Temperature: $0 \sim 55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (non-freezing), humidity: $10 \sim 90 \%$ RH (non-condensing) Atmosphere: Neither dust, metal chip or corrosive gas is included. Altitude for installation: $1,000 \mathrm{~m}$ or less |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Vibration resistance (*2) | Pursuant to IEC60068-2-6. <br> Frequency: $10 \sim 57 \mathrm{~Hz}$, single amplitude: 0.075 m Frequency: $57 \sim 150 \mathrm{~Hz}$, acceleration $9.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} 2$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
|  | Storing environment | Temperature: $-10 \sim 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (non-freezing), humidity: $35 \sim 90 \%$ RH (non-condensing) Atmosphere: Neither dust, metal chip or corrosive gas is included. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Protective stucture | IP10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Division of verenotige | Overvoltage category II |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Protective insulation | Protective insulation is done for all interfaces (CN1, CN2, CN5, CN9) from the primary power supply. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Type of $X$ series standard amplifier



Maximum current (A (peak)) Ex.) 0.35: 35 A
Name of series (X series)

## Name of type

VELCONIC family

## Main Circuit

## Example of main circuit connection

To assure the safety of the servo system, single operation sequences and joint operation sequence of holding and dynamic brakes are provided. The control power is separated from the main circuit power, and only the main circuit can be blocked by PON signal.

Example of main circuit connection (when holding and dynamic brakes are used jointly)

*For 200P, connectors CN6, CN7 and CN8 are TB1, TB2 and TB3 terminal blocks, respectively.

## Example of control circuit connection

As bidirectional photocouplers are used for the sequence I/O interface, both sink ("-" common) connection and source ("+" common) connection are possible. Connection of analog input, pulse train input, etc. of an FA controller on the master side is also possible.


## X series Servo Amplifier

## Selecting Cables

The X series servo amplifier is not provided with cables or connectors.
For the small-capacity amplifiers of 035P or less, cables for the power circuit, brake circuit and motor main circuit are available optionally. For amplifier 070P, only connector is available for an extra price. For servo amplifier 100P or over, a terminal block is used.


Main circuit cable for 035P or less, and 070P connector

| Connector | Cable name | With connectors on both ends | With a connector on amp. side alone | Type of amplifier |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CN6 | Single-phase power cable | - | CV06A- $\square \square \square$ B | 008P2, 012P2, 025P2 |
|  | 3 -phase power cable | - | CV06B- $\square \square \square$ B | 035P3 |
|  | 070P power connector | - | CV06F | 070P3 |
| CN7 | MC cable (for built-in reverse-current absorption resistor) | - | CV07A- $\square \square \square \mathrm{B}$ | 008P2, 012P2, 025P2, 035P3 |
|  | MC cable (for external reverse-current absorption resistor) | - | CV07B- $\square \square \square \mathrm{B}$ | 008P2, 012P2, 025P2, 035P3 |
|  | 070P MC connector | - | CV07E | 070P3 |
| CN8 | $\checkmark$ ZA motor armature cable | CV08A- $\square \square \square$ A | CV08A- $\square \square \square$ B | 008P2, 012P2, 025P2, 035P3 |
|  | $\checkmark$ ZA motor armature cable (with brake) | CV08B- $\square \square \square \mathrm{A}$ | CV08B- $\square \square \square$ B | 008P2, 012P2, 025P2, 035P3 |
|  | V standard motor armature cable | CV08C- $\square \square \square$ A | CV08C- $\square \square \square$ B | 008P2, 012P2, 025P2, 035P3 |
|  | V standard motor armature cable (with brake) | CV08D- $\square \square \square$ A | CV08D- $\square \square \square \mathrm{B}$ | 008P2, 012P2, 025P2, 035P3 |
|  | T standard motor armature cable | - | CV08C- $\square \square \square$ B | 008P2, 012P2, 025P2, 035P3 |
|  | T standard motor armature cable (with brake) | - | CV08D- $\square \square \square \mathrm{B}$ | 008P2, 012P2, 025P2, 035P3 |
|  | 070P armature connector | - | EC762VNM-04P | 070P3 |

## Motor sensor cable

| Connector | Cable name |  | With connectors on both ends | With a connector on amp. side alone | Type of amplifier |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CN5 | V standard motor resolver cable | CV05G- $\square \square \square \mathrm{A}$ | CV05G- $\square \square \square \mathrm{B}$ | All types |  |
|  | V ZA motor resolver cable | (Note) | CV05H- $\square \square \square \mathrm{A}$ | CV05H- $\square \square \square \mathrm{B}$ | All types |
|  | V standard motor serial ABS cable |  | CV05D- $\square \square \square \mathrm{A}$ | CV05D- $\square \square \square \mathrm{B}$ | All types |
|  | V ZA motor serial ABS cable | (Note) | CV05E- $\square \square \square \mathrm{A}$ | CV05E- $\square \square \square \mathrm{B}$ | All types |

## Communication cable and ABS battery cable

| Connector | Cable name | With connectors on both ends | Witha connector on amp. side alone | Type of amplifier |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CN1 | RS232C communication cable | - | CV01C- $\square \square \square \mathrm{A}$ | All types |
| CN2 | I/O signal cable | CV02C- $\square \square \square \mathrm{A}$ | CV02C- $\square \square \square \mathrm{B}$ | All types |
| CN9 | BTT06 battery cable (resolver ABS spec.) | CV09A-500A | - | All types |
| CN3, CN4 | VLBus-V optical fiber cable (for connection in control panel) | CV23A- $\square \square \square \mathrm{A}$ | - | All types |
|  | VLBus-V optical fiber cable (for connection outside control panel) | CV24B- $\square \square \square \mathrm{A}$ | - | All types |
| CN17 | High-resolution analog I/O connector | - | EC381VM-08P | All types |

## X series Servo Amplifier

## Selecting Peripheral Equipment

As the small brake power supply, noise filter, etc., are made by other makers, only the reference specifications are given below. For detailed specifications, see the material made out by each maker.

Brake power supply


## External reverse-current absorption resistor

This resistor prevents increase in PN voltage caused by energy which returns to the amplifier at the time braking. If the capacity of the built-in resistor is not enough, add an external resistor.

Fig. A


| Type | Absorption <br> capacity | L1 | L2 | W | H | Fig. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RGH60A 100 $\Omega$ | 30 W | 115 | 100 | 40 | 20 | A |
| RGH200A 30 $\Omega$ | 100W | 215 | 200 | 50 | 25 | A |
| RGH400A 30 $\Omega$ | 200W | 265 | 250 | 60 | 30 | A |

Fig. B


## Absolute position storing batteries



## Noise filter



High frequency control ACL, DCL

| ACL(008P2, 012P2, 025P2, 035P3) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Motor capacity | Type of amp | Amp. spec. | Reactor spec. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Fig |
|  |  |  | Type of reactor | Inductance | Rated current | W | H | D | E | A | B | G | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cable } \\ & \text { size } \end{aligned}$ | Mass |  |
|  |  |  |  | (mH) | (A) | (mm) | (mm) | (mm) | (mm) | (mm) | (mm) | (mm) | ( $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ ) | (kg) |  |
| 200W <br> or lower | -008P2 | 200 V Single phase | \#P0243601 | 2.5 | 3.3 | 60 | 55 | 40 | 50 | 40 | 32 | 4 | 1.25 | 0.4 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 400W } \\ & 500 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ | -012P2 |  | \#P0243602 | 2.5 | 8.1 | 95 | 65 | 45 | 70 | 55 | 45 | 4 | 5.5 | 1,2 | A |
| 600W 800W | -025P2 |  | \#P0243603 | 2 | 13 | See the figure. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.9 | B |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1 \mathrm{~kW} \\ & 1.5 \mathrm{~kW} \end{aligned}$ | -035P3 | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 200 \mathrm{~V} \\ 3 \text {-phase } \end{array}$ | \#P0243604 | 0.7 | 15 | See the figure. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | C |

Fig. A


Fig. B


Fig. C


ACL connection


## DCL(070P3)

| Motor capacity | Type of amp. | Amp. spec. | Reactor spec. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Fig. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Type of reactor | Inductance | Rated current | W | H | D | E | A | B | G | Cable size | Mass |  |
|  |  |  |  | (mH) | (A) | (mm) | (mm) | (mm) | (mm) | (mm) | (mm) | (mm) | ( $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ ) | (kg) |  |
| 1.8kW | -070P3 | $\begin{gathered} 200 \mathrm{~V} \\ \text { 3-phase } \end{gathered}$ | \#P0210905 | 2 | 11 | 115 | 80 | 45 | 75 | 70 | 35 | 5 | 5.5 | 1.2 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2.0 \mathrm{~kW} \\ & 2.4 \mathrm{~kW} \\ & 3.0 \mathrm{~kW} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | \#P0210906 | 1.5 | 20 | 135 | 100 | 63 | 90 | 80 | 47 | 5 | 8 | 2.8 | D |

DCL connection


Fig.D


## For your order entry

| Model | Standard servo amplifier | VLASX-__- ${ }_{-}{ }_{--} \mathrm{X}_{-}$ASSY |  |  | Q'ty |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Part | Name |  | Type | Power specification |  |
| Main body (amplifier) | X series servo amplifier |  | VLASX-008P2 | Single phase, AC200 V |  |
|  |  |  | VLASX-012P2 | Single phase, AC200 V |  |
|  |  |  | VLASX-025P2 | Single phase, AC200 V |  |
|  |  |  | VLASX-035P3 | Three-phase, AC200 V |  |
|  |  |  | VLASX-070P3 | Three-phase, AC200 V |  |
|  |  |  | VLASX-100P3 | Three-phase, AC200 V |  |
|  |  |  | VLASX-200P3 | Three-phase, AC200 V |  |
|  |  |  | VLASX-320P3 | Three-phase, AC200 V |  |
|  |  |  | VLASX-500P3 | Three-phase, AC200 V |  |
|  |  |  | VLASX-400P4 | Three-phase, AC400 V |  |
| Sensor | H: Resolver (20 kHz), S: Encoder, A: Resolver ABS |  |  |  |  |
| Option | VLBus-V servo amplifier | VLASX-__- $\mathrm{P}_{-} \mathrm{-}_{-} \mathrm{V}_{-}$ASSY |  |  |  |
|  | High-resolution analog I/O | VLASX-__- $\mathrm{P}_{-} \mathrm{-}_{-} \mathrm{A}_{-}$ASSY |  |  |  |
|  | High-speed pulse I/O | VLASX-__- $\mathrm{P}_{-} \mathrm{-}_{-} \mathrm{F}_{-}$ASSY |  |  |  |
| HMI option | With HMI (Display/operation unit) | VLASX-_-_ $\mathrm{P}_{-}^{-}{ }_{--} \mathrm{M}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Without HMI(Display/operation unit) | VLASX-_-_ $\mathrm{P}_{-} \mathrm{-}_{--} \mathrm{X}$ |  |  |  |
| Amplifier cable | RS232C conversion connector | CN1 | CV01C | To be connected with commercially available LAN cable. |  |
|  | RS232C conversion connector cable | (Recom-mended) | NWNMC5E-STN-SSMB-BL-3 | Category 5 or over, with shield/straight |  |
|  | I/O standard cable | CN2 | CV02C-_ _A, B | Standard length: 1, 3 m |  |
|  | Standard resolver cable | CN5 | CV05G-_ _ A, B, C, Z | Standard length: 3, 5, 10 m |  |
|  | V ZA motor resolver cable |  | CV05H-_ _ A, B, C, Z | Standard length: 3, 5, 10 m |  |
|  | Standard serial ABS cable |  | CV05D-_ _ A, B, C, Z | Standard length: 3, 5, 10 m |  |
|  | V ZA motor serial ABS cable |  | CV05E-_ _ A, B, C, Z | Standard length: $3,5,10 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |
|  | Single phase power cable | CN6 | CV06A-___B | Standard length: 1,3,5m |  |
|  | 3-phase power cable |  | CV06B-_ _ B | Standard length: 1,3,5m |  |
|  | Internal reverse-current absorption resistor MC cable | CN7 | CV07A-_ _ B | Standard length: 1, 3, 5 m |  |
|  | External reverse-current absorption resistor MC cable |  | CV07B-_ _ ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | Standard length: $1,3,5 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |
|  | V ZA motor armature cable | CN8 | CV08A-_ _ A, B, C, Z | Standard length: 3, 5, 10 m |  |
|  | V ZA motor armature cable for motor with brake |  | CV08B-___A, B, C, Z | Standard length: 3, 5, 10 m |  |
|  | Standard 130-sq. armature cable |  | CV08C-_ _A, B, C, Z | Standard length: 3, 5, 10 m |  |
|  | Standard 130-sq. armature cable for motor with brake |  | CV08D-___A, B, C, Z | Standard length: 3, 5, 10 m |  |
| Connector | Power connector for 070P | CN6 | EC762VNM-07P |  |  |
|  | MC connector for 070P | CN7 | EC762VNM-06P |  |  |
|  | Armature connector for 070P | CN8 | EC762VNM-04P |  |  |
| VLBus-V optical communi-cation cable | Optical communication cable (for connection inside control panel) | CN3,4 | CV23A-_ _ A | Standard length $0.3,0.5,1 \mathrm{~m}$, etc. |  |
|  | Optical communication cable (for connection outside control panel) | CN3,4 | CV24A-__ A | Standard length: None |  |
| Peripheral equipment | Absolute position storing (ABS) battery | CN9 | LRV03 (with 0.5 m -long battery cable. Battery change is possible.) |  |  |
|  | Absolute position storing (ABS) battery | CN9 | BTT06 (Battery cable is available for an extra price. Battery change is not possible.) |  |  |
|  | BTT06 battery cable | CN9 | CV09A-500A | Standard length 0.5 m |  |
|  | External display unit | CN2 | DPA-80 |  |  |
|  | External reverse-current absorption resistor | CN7,TB2 | RGH60A-100 |  |  |
|  | External reverse-current absorption resistor | CN7,TB2 | RGH200A-30ת |  |  |
|  | External reverse-current absorption resistor | CN7,TB2 | RGH400A-30 $\Omega$ |  |  |
|  | External reverse-current absorption resistor | TB2 | GRZG400 3R0 (3) |  |  |
|  | Brake power 15W | - | P15E-24-N |  |  |
|  | Brake power 30W | - | P30E-24-N |  |  |
|  | Brake power 50W | - | P50E-24-N |  |  |
|  | ACL / DCL | - | To be selected by motor output. (See the appropriate instruction manual.) |  |  |
|  | Noise filter | - | To be selected by motor output. (See the appropriate instruction manual.) |  |  |
| Software | VELWIN | - | VELWIN |  |  |

## Simple Positioner Amplifier Integrated with Servo Amplifier

## Tiny Positioner (NCBOY-80)

NCBOY-80 is the servo amplifier incorporating the PTP (point-to-point positioning) function. It can be connected with a sequencer (or programmable ladder controller), user controller or other NCBOY through the interface of DIO, CC-Link, DeviceNet or RS485.


Only the functions required for positioning are selected. A low-priced, highly accurate positioner can be created in conjunction with the host controller.

| (b) | Jog | Jog operation is possible. Either of four (4) different feedrates can be selected. Override is also operative. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Set home | Set home operation is possible to establish the coordinate system. Motor shaft origin pulse, limit switch input edge and preset in stop condition can be selected. Also, the automatic search function can be selected. |
|  | MPG/Step | Synchronous pulse operation by external pulse input and step feed operation with ON/OFF of JOGP, JOGM signals are possible. For the MPG mode, the function of multiplying input pulse by 10 or 100 is provided. The step feed distance is specified by parameter. |
|  | Auto mode | In all, four (4) commands are available for positioning operation; absolute coordinate command, incremental feed distance command, point number command and home return command. |
|  | Coordinate system | Selection of linear coordinate system or rotary coordinate system is possible. In the rotary coordinate system, designation of revolving direction, revolving direction in absolute programming mode, and shortcut is possible by using appropriate parameters. |
|  | Acceleration and deceleration pattern | Selection of linear acceleration/deceleration or S-type acceleration/deceleration can be selected by parameter. For the linear acceleration/deceleration, four (4) acceleration/deceleration times can be changed over by sequence signals. |
|  | Current limit | Current limit can be changed over by sequence signal. It is also possible to change over the four (4) current limits. |
|  | Speed selection | Four (4) feedrates for auto, jog and set home modes can be changed over by speed select signals. These four (4) feedrates should be specified in advance by parameters. |
|  | Override | Feedrate override function. Override is effected on the reference feedrate as determined by parameter and speed selection, and the feedrate can be changed during operation. Weight per bit can be selected by parameter. Override of $0.01 \%, 0.1 \%, 1 \%$ or $10 \%$ can be chosen. Ex.) When the increment is $0.1 \%$, up to 13 bits are available, and override can be commanded up to 819.2 \%.. |
| E | Limit feed | Positioning function, using an external limit switch. This function can be selected by using limit feed select signal. Selection of limit positioning after inching feed or inching feed positioning after limit ON is possible by parameter. |
|  | Feed hold | The feed hold function can be selected, using feed hold signal. |
|  | Backlash compensation | Backlash compensation function. Feedrate during backlash compensation can also be specified. |
|  | Overtravel | Protection against overtravel by means of limit switch and soft limit is possible. Also, the stop method at overtravel alarm and alarm detecting method can be selected. |


|  | Teaching | Teaching of point data is possible. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ch | Remote setting | Remote setting of parameter is possible through the communication line, which is called <br> the " "arameter remote sesting function." Rewriting of parameter value is possible by <br> combined use of sequence signals. |
| Mnter | Multiplex | To save the number of sequence signals (especially for DIO), multiplex input and output <br> can be used, which are specified by parameters. |
|  | It | It is possible to set baudrate and error detecting method of each interface. |

$\square$ The positioning operation comes in the four modes; positioning by coordinate designation, positioning by travel distance designation, positioning by point number designation and positioning for home return. $\square$ Selection of limit positioning after auto-sizing feed or auto-sizing feed after limit ON is possible. $\square$ Jog operation, MPG/step operation and home point setting operation (with automatic search) are possible. $\square$ Selection of linear coordinate system or rotation coordinate system is possible. $\square$ Overtravel soft limit function $\square$ Setting of four types of feedrate and override in each operation mode is possible. $\square$ Up to 64 points can be saved and teaching of point data is possible. $\square$ Selection of BIN or BCD data code is possible. $\square$ Backlash compensation function $\square$ Parameter remote setting function (excluding DIO)

Display and Operation

## Hierarchal operation

On the display \& operation unit, you can perform display of positioning point data and servo motor operation status, check of sequence or alarm, setting of user parameters including selection of control mode and resolution, and setting of turning parameters for servo adjustment.


## Basic input and output

The basic input and output are assigned to CN2. The pulse input specification, etc. is the same as in the standard servo amplifier.

| Pin No. | Symbol | Modes 11, 12, 21, 22, 23, 24 | Pin No. | Symbol | Modes 11, 12, 21, 22, 23, 24 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 34 | FMA | Pulse input | 2 | IN0 | PON (Emergency stop input) |
| 35 | /FMA |  | 3 | IN1 | OTP (+ Overtravel) |
| 16 | FMB |  | 4 | IN2 | OTM (- Overtravel) |
| 17 | /FMB |  | 5 | IN3 | HLLS (Home point slowdown/Home point/LS) |
| 28 | CLI | Current limit input | 6 | IN4 | DBI (Brake check input) |
| 29 | AG |  | 7 | IN5 | MBI (Holding brake check input) |
| 32 | APD | Pulse output or external display output | 8 | IN6 | RESET (Reset); Not provided for modes 21, 22, 23, 24. |
| 33 | /APD |  | 21 | IN7 | RUN (Operation); Not provided for modes 21, 22, 23, 24. |
| 14 | BPD |  | 22 | OUTO | MBOUT (Holding brake control output) |
| 15 | /BPD |  | 23 | OUT1 | DBOUT (Brake control output) |
| 30 | ZPD |  | 24 | OUT2 | WARN (Warning) |
| 31 | IZPD |  | 25 | OUT3 | SRDY (Servo ready) |
| 10 | NC | Not used | 26 | OUT4 | SST (Servo normal output) |
| 9 | NC |  | 1 | INCOM | Input common |
| 11 | NC |  | 27 | OUTCOM | Output common |
| Case | FG | Frame ground |  |  |  |

## Internal sequence input and output

The internal sequence input and output are assigned to each control mode (11, 12, 21, 22, 23 and 24 ) according to the application.

| Internal sequence input |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PON | Emergency stop input | TEACH | Teaching |
| OTP | + Overtravel | CCD | Current limit selection |
| OTM | - Overtravel | MODEO, MODE1 | Operation mode |
| HLLS | Home point slowdown/ Home point/ LS | CSELO, CSEL1 | Command selection |
| DBI | Brake check input | FSELO, FSEL1 | Speed selection |
| MBI | Holding brake check input | MPGM0, MPGM1 | MPG/Step factor |
| RUN | Operation | CCD0, CCD1 | 4-step current limit selection |
| RESET | Reset | ACSEL0, ACSEL1 | 4-step acceleration/deceleration time selection |
| START | Start | PCMD0 ~ PCMD31 | Position command |
| JOGP | Jog + | OVRD0 ~ OVRD13 | Override |
| JOGM | Jog - | PNCMD0 ~PNCMD6 | Point command |
| FSTP | Feed hold | ECLR | Deviation counter clear |
| LSSEL | LS positioning selection |  |  |
| DCNT | Start check signal | PCLR | Present position clear |
| RPAMOD | Parameter change mode | RPASTB | Parameter change strobe |


| Internal sequence output |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| MBOUT | Holding brake control output | MINSEL2 | Multi input 2 selection |
| DBOUT | Brake control output | MINSEL3 | Multi input 3 selection |
| WARN | Warning | BLV | Battery voltage drop |
| SRDY | Servo ready | GRUN | During servo lock |
| SST | Servo normal output | POK | Positioning OK |
| MZM | During home point saving | MINO ~ MIN7 | IN $\square$ input monitor |
| HOME | During home point stop | MFEED | Revolution speed monitor |
| DEN | Motion end | MCURR | Current monitor |
| INP | In-position | POSI0 ~ POSI31 | Present value |
| AFSTP | During feed hold | PNO ~ PN6 | Point number |
| LSALM | LS alarm | FEED0 ~ FEED15 | Revolution speed |
| TENBL | Teaching permit | CURRO $\sim$ CURR15 | Current |
| MINSEL1 | Multi input 1 selection | SSTOP | During abnormal stop |
| CLA | During current limit | RPAFIN | Parameter change response |
|  |  | HZONE | Near home point |

## DIO input and output for modes 11 and 12

In modes 11 and 12, a DIO board is equipped on the unit. The following I/Os are added to the basic I/Os.

| Pin No. | Symbol | Mode 11 | Mode 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IN10 | PCMD0/PCMD16/OVR0 | PNCMD0/PCMD0 |
| 2 | IN11 | PCMD1/PCMD17/OVR1 | PNCMD1/PCMD1 |
| 3 | IN12 | PCMD2/PCMD18/OVR2 | PNCMD2/PCMD2 |
| 4 | IN13 | PCMD3/PCMD19/OVR3 | PNCMD3/PCMD3 |
| 5 | IN14 | PCMD4/PCMD20/OVR4 | PNCMD4/PCMD4 |
| 6 | IN15 | PCMD5/PCMD21/OVR5 | PNCMD5/PCMD5 |
| 7 | IN16 | PCMD6/PCMD22/OVR6 | OVR0/PCMD6 |
| 8 | IN17 | PCMD7/PCMD23/OVR7 | OVR1/PCMD7 |
| 9 | IN18 | PCMD8/PCMD24/OVR8 | OVR2/PCMD8 |
| 11 | IN19 | PCMD9/PCMD25/PNCMD0 | OVR3/PCMD9 |
| 12 | IN1A | PCMD10/PCMD26/PNCMD1 | FSEL0/PCMD10 |
| 14 | IN1B | PCMD11/PCMD27/PNCMD2 | FSEL1/PCMD11 |
| 15 | IN1C | PCMD12/PCMD28/PNCMD3/ACSEL0/PNCMD3 | CCD0/PCMD12 |
| 16 | IN1D | PCMD13/PCMD29/PNCMD4/ACSEL1/GCHG | CCD1/PCMD13 |
| 17 | IN1E | PCMD14/PCMD30/FSEL0 | ACSEL0/PCMD14 |
| 18 | IN1F | PCMD15/PCMD31/FSEL1 | ACSEL1/PCMD15 |
| 13 | INCOM1 | Input common | Same as left. |
| 29 | INCOM2 | Input common | Same as left. |
| 19 | IN20 | START | Same as left. |
| 20 | IN21 | JOGP | Same as left. |
| 21 | IN22 | JOGM | Same as left. |
| 22 | IN23 | FSTP/TEACH/LSSEL/ECLR | Same as left. |
| 23 | IN24 | MODE0 | Same as left. |
| 24 | IN25 | MODE1 | Same as left. |
| 25 | IN26 | CSELO | Same as left. |
| 26 | IN27 | CSEL1 | Same as left. |
| 27 | OUT10 | MZM | Same as left. |
| 28 | OUT11 | HOME/HZONE | Same as left. |
| 30 | OUT12 | DEN/INP | Same as left. |
| 31 | OUT13 | AFSTP/TENBL/LSALM | Same as left. |
| 32 | OUT14 | MINSEL1 | Same as left. |
| 33 | OUT15 | MINSEL2 | Same as left. |
| 34 | OUT16 | MINSEL3 | Same as left. |
| 35 | OUT17 | POK | Same as left. |
| 10 | OUTCOM | Output common | Same as left. |
| 36 | FG | Frame ground | Same as left. |

## NCBOY-80 network

CC-Link ; Max 64node (1~64) $156 \mathrm{k} / 625 \mathrm{k} / 2.5 \mathrm{M} / 5 \mathrm{M} / 10 \mathrm{Mbps}$

DeviceNet ; Max64node (0~63)
125k/250k/500kbps
RS485 ; Max32node (0~63)
4800,9600,19.2k,38.4k,57.6k 62.5k,115.2k,250k


Field bus input and output for modes 21, 22, 23 and 24
In modes 21, 22, 23 and 24, CC-Link, DeviceNet and RS485 boards are equipped on the unit, respectively. The following I/Os are added to the basic I/Os.

| CC-Link(Mode 21) | DeviceNet(Mode 22) | RS485 (Mode 23) | RS485(Mode 24) | I/O | Signal name |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RY00 | OUT BASE +0.0 | Bit 0 of D9 | Y+50 | IN10 | RUN (Run) |
| RY01 | OUT BASE +0.1 | Bit 1 of D9 | Y+51 | IN11 | RESET (Reset) |
| RY02 | OUT BASE +0.2 | Bit 2 of D9 | Y+52 | IN12 | START (Start) |
| RY03 | OUT BASE +0.3 | Bit 3 of D9 | Y+53 | IN13 | JOGP (Jog +) |
| RY04 | OUT BASE +0.4 | Bit 4 of D9 | Y+54 | IN14 | JOGM (Jog -) |
| RY05 | OUT BASE +0.5 | Bit 5 of D9 | Y+55 | IN15 | FSTP (Feed hold) |
| RY06 | OUT BASE +0.6 | Bit 6 of D9 | Y+56 | IN16 | LSSEL (LS positioning selection) |
| RY07 | OUT BASE +0.7 | Bit 7 of D9 | Y+57 | IN17 | ECLR (Deviation counter clear) |
| RY08 | OUT BASE +0.8 | Bit 0 of D8 | Y+58 | IN18 | TEACH (Teaching) |
| RY09 | OUT BASE +0.9 | Bit 1 of D8 | Y+59 | IN19 | MODE0 (Operation mode) |
| RYOA | OUT BASE +0.10 | Bit 2 of D8 | Y+5A | IN1A | MODE1 (Operation mode) |
| RYOB | OUT BASE +0.11 | Bit 3 of D8 | Y+5B | IN1B | CSELO (Command selection) |
| RYOC | OUT BASE +0.12 | Bit 4 of D8 | Y +5 C | IN1C | CSEL1 (Command selection) |
| RYOD | OUT BASE +0.13 | Bit 5 of D8 | Y+5D | IN1D | FSEL0 (Feedrate selection) |
| RYOE | OUT BASE +0.14 | Bit 6 of D8 | Y+5E | IN1E | FSEL1 (Feedrate selection) |
| RYOF | OUT BASE +0.15 | Bit 7 of D8 | Y +5 F | IN1F | PCLR (Present position clear) |
| RWW0-0 ~ 1-F | OUT BASE +1.0 ~ +2.15 | Bit 0 of D7 ~ Bit 7 of D4 | $\mathrm{Y}+60 \sim \mathrm{Y}+7 \mathrm{~F}$ | IN20 ~ 3F | PCMD0 ~ PCMD31 (Position command) |
| RWW2-0 ~ 2-D | OUT BASE +3.0 ~ +3.13 | Bit 0 of D3 ~ Bit 5 of D2 | $\mathrm{Y}+80 \sim \mathrm{Y}+8 \mathrm{D}$ | IN40 ~ 4D | OVRD0 ~ OVRD13 (Override) |
| RWW2-E | OUT BASE +3.14 | Bit 6 of D2 | Y +8 E | IN4E | Undefined |
| RWW2-F | OUT BASE +3.15 | Bit 7 of D2 | $\mathrm{Y}+8 \mathrm{~F}$ | IN4F | DCNT (Start signal check) |
| RWW3-0 ~ 3-6 | OUT BASE +4.0 ~ 4.6 | Bit 0 of D1 ~ Bit 6 of D1 | $\mathrm{Y}+90 \sim \mathrm{Y}+96$ | IN50 ~ 56 | PNCMD0 ~ PNCMD6 (Point command) |
| RWW3-7 | OUT BASE +4.7 | Bit 7 of D1 | Y+97 | IN57 | Undefined |
| RWW3-8 | OUT BASE +4.8 | Bit 0 of D0 | Y+98 | IN58 | MPGM0 (MPG/step scale factor) |
| RWW3-9 | OUT BASE +4.9 | Bit 1 of D0 | Y+99 | IN59 | MPGM1 (MPG/step scale factor) |
| RWW3-A | OUT BASE +4.10 | Bit 2 of D0 | Y+9A | IN5A | CCD0 (4-step current limit selection) |
| RWW3-B | OUT BASE +4.11 | Bit 3 of D0 | Y+9B | IN5B | CCD1 (4-step current limit selection) |
| RWW3-C | OUT BASE +4.12 | Bit 4 of D0 | Y+9C | IN5C | ACSELO (4-step acceleration/deceleration time selection) |
| RWW3-D | OUT BASE +4.13 | Bit 5 of D0 | Y+9D | IN5D | ACSEL1 (4-step acceleration/deceleration time selection) |
| RWW3-E | OUT BASE +4.14 | Bit 6 of D0 | Y+9E | IN5E | RPAMOD (Parameter change mode) |
| RWW3-F | OUT BASE +4.15 | Bit 7 of D0 | Y+9F | IN5F | RPASTB (Parameter change strobe) |
| RX00 | IN BASE +0.0 | Bit 0 of D9' | X+0 | OUT10 | SST (Servo normal output) |
| RX01 | INBASE +0.1 | Bit 1 of D9' | X+1 | OUT11 | SRDY (Servo ready) |
| RX02 | INBASE +0.2 | Bit 2 of D9' | X+2 | OUT12 | GRUN (During servo lock) |
| RX03 | IN BASE +0.3 | Bit 3 of D9' | X+3 | OUT13 | MZM (During home point saving) |
| RX04 | IN BASE +0.4 | Bit 4 of D9' | X+4 | OUT14 | HOME (During home point stop) |
| RX05 | IN BASE +0.5 | Bit 5 of D9' | X+5 | OUT15 | DEN (Operation finish) |
| RX06 | IN BASE +0.6 | Bit 6 of D9' | X+6 | OUT16 | INP (In-position) |
| RX07 | IN BASE +0.7 | Bit 7 of D9' | X+7 | OUT17 | AFSTP (During feed hold) /CLA (During current limit) |
| RX08 | INBASE +0.8 | Bit 0 of D8' | X+8 | OUT18 | LSALM (LS alarm) |
| RX09 | IN BASE +0.9 | Bit 1 of D8' | X+9 | OUT19 | TENBL (Teaching permit) |
| RXOA | IN BASE +0.10 | Bit 2 of D8' | X+A | OUT1A | BLV (Battery voltage drop) |
| RXOB | IN BASE +0.11 | Bit 3 of D8' | X+B | OUT1B | WARN (Warning) |
| RXOC | IN BASE +0.12 | Bit 4 of D8' | X+C | OUT1C | POK (Positioning OK) |
| RXOD | IN BASE +0.13 | Bit 5 of D8' | X+D | OUT1D | MFEED (Revolution speed monitor) |
| RXOE | IN BASE +0.14 | Bit 6 of D8' | X+E | OUT1E | MCURR (Current monitor) |
| RXOF | IN BASE +0.15 | Bit 7 of D8' | X+F | OUT1F | SSTP (During error stop) |
| RWRO-0 ~ 1-F | IN BASE +1.0 ~ +2.15 | Bit 0 of D7' ~ Bit 7 of D4' | X $+10 \sim X+2 F$ | OUT20 ~ 3F | POSIO ~ POSI31 (Present value) |
| RWR2-0 ~ 2-F | IN BASE +3.0 ~ + 3.15 | Bit 0 of D3' ~ Bit 7 of D2' | X $+30 \sim X+3 F$ | OUT40 ~ 4F | FEEDO/CURRO ~ 15/15 (Revolution speed / Current) |
| RWR3-0 ~ 3-6 | IN BASE +4.0 ~ +4.6 | Bit 0 of D1' ~ Bit 6 of D1' | X $+40 \sim X+46$ | OUT50 ~ 56 | PN0 ~ PN6 (Point number) |
| RWR3-7 | IN BASE +4.7 | Bit 7 of D1' | X +47 | OUT57 | RPAFIN (Reply to parameter change) |
| RWR3-8 ~ 3-F | INBASE +4.8~+4.15 | Bit 0 of DO' ~ Bit 7 of D0' | X $+48 \sim$ X +4 F | OUT58 ~ 5F | MIN0 ~ MIN7 (IN $\square$ Input monitor) |

## X Series Tiny Positioner

## Main Circuit

## Example of main circuit connection

To assure the safety of the servo system, single operation sequences and joint operation sequence of holding and dynamic brakes are provided. The control power is separated from the main circuit power, and only the main circuit can be blocked by PON signal.

*For 200P, connectors CN6, CN7 and CN8 are TB1, TB2 and TB3 terminal blocks, respectively.

## Example of control circuit connection

As bidirectional photocouplers are used for the sequence I/O interface, both sink ("-" common) connection and source ("+" common) connection are possible. Connection with various FA controllers is also possible through various networks.


## X Series Tiny Positioner

## Servo specifications

The NCBOY-80 incorporates a servo amplifier. It is wiring-saving and space-saving, and maintenance is very easy because the main circuit power is supplied separately from the control power source. The brake circuit is designed for both holding brake and dynamic brake, and joint use of them is also possible. The tuning function is provided. Parameter setting is very easy by using the personal computer tool.

| Type of amplifier |  | 008P2 | 012P2 | 025P2 | 035P3 | 070P3 | 100P3 | 200P3 | 320P3 | 500P3 | 400P4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Control system |  | PWM, 3-phase sine-wave |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Main circuit | Master power voltage | $\begin{gathered} \text { Single phase } \\ \text { AC200 ~ } 230 \mathrm{~V} \\ -15 \% \sim+10 \% \\ 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Three-phase } \\ \text { AC200 } \sim 230 \text { V } \\ -15 \% \sim+10 \% \\ 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Three-phase } \\ \text { (neutral pioit grounding) } \\ \text { AC380 } \sim 460 \mathrm{~V} \\ -15 \% \sim+10 \% \\ 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Power capacity | Single phase AC200 ~ 230 V$-15 \% \sim+10 \% 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  | 2.6kVA | 5.4 kVA | 8.0kVA | 18kVA | 35 kVA | 59kVA | 83kVA |
| Control circuit | Master power voltage | Single phase AC200 ~ 230 V $-15 \% ~ \sim ~+10 \% ~ 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  | Single phase AC200~230 V$-15 \% ~+10 \% 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Power capacity | 50VA | 50VA | 50VA | 65 VA | 80VA | 80VA | 100VA | 150VA | 150VA | 350VA |
| Max. motor combination |  | 200W | 500W | 1 kW | 1.5 kW | 3.4 kW | 5.0 kW | 11 kW | 20kW | 33kW | 55 kW |
| Continuous output current |  | 2.2A(rms) | $3.4 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{rms})$ | $5.7 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{rms})$ | $8.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{rms})$ | $18.4 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{rms})$ | $28.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{rms})$ | 56.6A(rms) | 99A(rms) | 166A(rms) | 134 A (rms) |
| Instantaneous max. current |  | 5.7A(rms) | 8.5 A (rms) | 17.7A(rms) | 25.0 A (rms) | 49.5A(rms) | 71.0A(rms) | 141A(rms) | 226 A (rms) | 353 A (rms) | 283 A (rms) |
| Speed position sensor |  | Resolver or 17-bit serial encoder (Both resolver and encoder can have absolute specifications.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Range of speed control |  | 1:5000 (Ratio of lower limit speed and rated speed, which allows output of motor rated current.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Speed fluctuation ratio |  | $\pm 0.02 \%$ or less under load of $0 \sim 100 \%$ or at power of $-15 \sim 10 \% . \pm 0.2 \%$ or less at temperature of $0 \sim 55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (The specified values are obtainable at rated speed.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Heat loss | Main circuit | 15W | 22W | 39W | 58W | 98W | 178W | 310 W | 720W | 1200W | 1900W |
|  | Control circuit | 20W | 20W | 20W | 26W | 32W | 32W | 40W | 50W | 50W | 140W |
| Reverse-current absorptionresistor capacity |  | 20W | 20W | 30W | 60W | 80W | 100W | 180W | Changes | exte | sistor capacity. |
| Mass (standard) |  | 1.3 kg | 1.3 kg | 2.3 kg | 2.4 kg | 4.5 kg | 7 kg | 12 kg | 31 kg | 63 kg | 120kg |
| Outer dimensions ( $\mathrm{W}^{*} \mathrm{H}^{*} \mathrm{D}$ ) |  | $65 * 170 * 150$ | $65 * 170 * 150$ | 110*170*180 | 110*170*180 | $110 \times 250 * 180$ | 130*307*197 | 220*410*230 | 350*500*315 | $585 * 500 * 353$ | 670*710*410 |
| DIO specification | 24 V input | DC24V, $6 \mathrm{~mA}, 32$ numbers ( $8<\mathrm{CN} 2>+24<\mathrm{CN10>}$ ) Both sink ("-" common) connection and source ("+" common) connection are possible. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24 V output | DC24V, $50 \mathrm{~mA}, 13$ numbers ( $5<\mathrm{CN} 2>+8<\mathrm{CN10>}$ ) Both sink ("-" common) connection and source ("+" common) connection are possible. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CC-Link specification | CC-Link communication | Remote device station |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24 V input | DC24V, 6 mA , 8 numbers <CN2> Both sink ("-" common) connection and source ("+" common) connection are possible. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24 V output | DC24V, 50 mA , 5 numbers <CN2> Both sink ("-" common) connection and source ("+" common) connection are possible. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Device Net specification | DeviceNet communication | Multi-number slave station |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24 V input | DC24V, 6 mA , 8 numbers <CN2> Both sink ("-" common) connection and source ("+" common) connection are possible. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24 V output | DC24V, $50 \mathrm{~mA}, 5$ numbers <CN2> Both sink ("-" common) connection and source ("+" common) connection are possible. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RS485 | RS485 communication | VLBus-A protocol (slave station), TCD protocol (slave station) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24 V input | DC24V, 6 mA , 8 numbers <CN2> Both sink ("-" common) connection and source ("+" common) connection are possible. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24 V output | DC24V, $50 \mathrm{~mA}, 5$ numbers <CN2> Both sink ("-" common) connection and source ("+" common) connection are possible. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current limit |  | DC0 $\sim \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$; Maximum motor Torque at $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ (Setting of ratio is possible.) Input resistance $49 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, AD resolution 12-bit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Position control | Split count | Resolver 24,000 P/rev, encoder 131,072 P/rev (Travel distance per pulse can be set by 65535/65535.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Command type | Forward/reverse pulse (Phase A/phase B pulse and forward/reverse signal/feed pulse are also permitted.) DC3.5 $\mathrm{V} \sim 5.5 \mathrm{~V}, 11 \mathrm{~mA}$ photo coupler input, frequency 500 kHz (max.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pulse output | Split count | Resolver 24,000 P/rev, encoder 131,072 P/rev (Travel distance per pulse can be set by 65535/65535.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Output type | Phase A/phase B pulse (forward/reverse pulse), Vout: 3 V (typ) 20 mA (max.), output equivalent to AM26LS31, frequency 500 kHz (max.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acceleration deceleration | Soft start | Acceleration/deceleration time can be set separately for the speed command. Linear acceleration/deceleration in the range of $0.000 \sim 65.535 \mathrm{~s}$ in increments of 0.001 s . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | S-type acceleration/deceleration | Acceleration/deceleration time can be specified for speed command or pulse command. S-type acceleration/deceleration in the range of $0.000 \sim 65.535 \mathrm{~s}$ in increments of 0.001 s . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Monitor function | Monitor output | Speed or current monitor, $0 \sim \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$, output resistance $330 \Omega$ (protection against short-circuit), DA resolution 12-bit (Option) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Display | LED 5-digit (Various monitor display, check, adjustment and parameter setting are possible.) (option) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | External display | DPA-80 (extra price) can be connected. (Monitor of speed, current, present value, electronic thermal, etc., is possible.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Auto tuning function |  | Auto gain setting by repeated tuning operation. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Protection function |  | Overcurrent, overvoltage, voltage drop, motor overload (electronic thermal, instant thermal), fin overheat, reverse-current resistor overload, resolver breakage, encoder breakage, etc. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General specifications | Operating environment | Temperature: $0 \sim 55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (non-freezing), humidity: $10 \sim 90 \% \mathrm{RH}$ (non-condensing) Atmosphere: Neither dust, metal chip or corrosive gas is included. Altitude for installation: 1,000 m or less |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Vibration resistance (*1) | Pursuant to IEC60068-2-6. Frequency: $10 \sim 57 \mathrm{~Hz}$, single amplitude: 0.075 m Frequency: $57 \sim 150 \mathrm{~Hz}$, acceleration $9.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} 2$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
|  | Storing environment | Temperature: $-10 \sim 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (non-freezing), humidity: $10 \sim 90 \%$ RH (non-condensing) Atmosphere: Neither dust, metal chip or corrosive gas is included. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Protective structure | IP10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Division of overvoltage | Category II |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Protective insulation | Protective insulation is done for all interfaces (CN1, CN2, CN5, CN9) from the primary power supply. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^1]
## For your order entry

| Model | DIO specification | VLPSX-__- $\mathrm{P}_{-}^{-}$_ $\mathrm{B}_{\text {_ }}$ ASSY |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | CC-Link specification | VLPSX-_ _ $\mathrm{P}_{-}^{-}$_ $\mathrm{C}_{\text {_ }}$ ASSY |  |  |  |
|  | DeviceNet specification | VLPSX-_ _ $\mathrm{P}_{-}^{-}$- $\mathrm{D}_{\text {_ }}$ ASSY |  |  |  |
|  | RS485 specification | VLPSX-___ $\mathrm{P}_{-}^{-}$_ $\mathrm{R}_{-}$ASSY |  |  |  |
| Part | Name |  | Type | Power specification | Q'ty |
| Main body (amplifier) | NCBOY-80 |  | VLPSX-008P2 | Single phase, AC200 V |  |
|  |  |  | VLPSX-012P2 | Single phase, AC200 V |  |
|  |  |  | VLPSX-025P2 | Single phase, AC200 V |  |
|  |  |  | VLPSX-035P3 | Three-phase, AC200 V |  |
|  |  |  | VLPSX-070P3 | Three-phase, AC200 V |  |
|  |  |  | VLPSX-100P3 | Three-phase, AC200 V |  |
|  |  |  | VLPSX-200P3 | Three-phase, AC200 V |  |
|  |  |  | VLPSX-320P3 | Three-phase, AC200 V |  |
|  |  |  | VLPSX-500P3 | Three-phase, AC200 V |  |
|  |  |  | VLPSX-400P4 | Three-phase, AC400 V |  |
| Sensor | H: Resolver (20 kHz), S: Encoder, A: Resolver ABS |  |  |  |  |
| Option board | CC-Link board: W1XO DeviceNet board: W2XO <br> DIO board: W3XO RS485 board: W4XO |  |  |  |  |
| HMI option | With HMI (Display/operation unit) | VLPSX-_-_ $\mathrm{P}_{-}^{-}{ }_{--} \mathrm{M}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Without HMI (Display/operation unit) | VLPSX-___ $\mathrm{P}_{-} \mathrm{-}_{\text {- }} \mathrm{X}$ |  |  |  |
| Amplifier cable | RS232C conversion connector | CN1 | CV01C | To be connected with commercially available LAN cable. |  |
|  | RS232C conversion connector cable | (Recom-mended) | NWNMCEE-STN-SSMB-BL-3 | Category 5 or over, with shield/straight |  |
|  | I/O standard cable | CN2 | CV02C-_ _ A, B | Standard length: 1, 3 m |  |
|  | Standard resolver cable | CN5 | CV05G-_ _A, B, C, Z | Standard length: $3,5,10 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |
|  | V ZA motor resolver cable |  | CV05H-_ _ A, B, C, Z | Standard length: $3,5,10 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |
|  | Standard serial ABS cable |  | CV05D-_ _ A, B, C, Z | Standard length: $3,5,10 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |
|  | V ZA motor serial ABS cable |  | CV05E-_ _ A, B, C, Z | Standard length: $3,5,10 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |
|  | Single phase power cable | CN6 | CV06A-_ _ B | Standard length: $1,3,5 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |
|  | 3-phase power cable |  | CV06B-_ _ B | Standard length: $1,3,5 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |
|  | Internal reverse-current absorption resistor MC cable | CN7 | CV07A-_ _ ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | Standard length: $1,3,5 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |
|  | External reverse-current absorption resistor MC cable |  | CV07B-_ _ B | Standard length: 1, 3,5m |  |
|  | V ZA motor armature cable | CN8 | CV08A-_ _ A, B, C, Z | Standard length: $3,5,10 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |
|  | V ZA motor armature cable for motor with brake |  | CV08B-_ _ A, B, C, Z | Standard length: $3,5,10 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |
|  | Standard 130-sq. armature cable |  | CV08C-_ _A, B, C, Z | Standard length: $3,5,10 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |
|  | Standard 130-sq. armature cable for motor with brake |  | CV08D-_ _A, B, C, Z | Standard length: $3,5,10 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |
| Connector | Power connector for 070P | CN6 | EC762VNM-07P |  |  |
|  | MC connector for 070P | CN7 | EC762VNM-06P |  |  |
|  | Armature connector for 070P | CN8 | EC762VNM-04P |  |  |
| Option board cable | DIO I/O signal cable | CN10 | CV21A-_ _ B | Standard length: $3,5 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |
|  | CC-Link cable | TB4 | CV11A-_ _ Z | Standard length: $5,10 \mathrm{~m}$, etc. |  |
|  | DeviceNet cable | CN12 | CV12A-_ _ Z | Standard length: 5, 10 m , etc. |  |
|  | RS485 cable | CN14 | CV14A-_ _ Z | Standard length: 5, 10 m , etc. |  |
| Option board connector | DeviceNet connector | CN12 | MSTB 2.5/5-STF-5.08A |  |  |
|  | RS485 connector | CN14 | EC381VM-06P |  |  |
| Peripheral equipment | Absolute position storing (ABS) battery | CN9 | LRV03 (with 0.5 m-long battery cable. Battery change is possible.) BTT06 (Battery cable is available for an extra price. Battery change is not possible.) |  |  |
|  | Absolute position storing (ABS) battery | CN9 |  |  |  |
|  | BTT06 battery cable | CN9 | CV09A-500A | Standard length 0.5 m |  |
|  | External display unit | CN2 | DPA-80 |  |  |
|  | External reverse-current absorption resistor | CN7,TB2 | RGH60A-100 $\Omega$ |  |  |
|  | External reverse-current absorption resistor | CN7,TB2 | RGH200A-30 $\Omega$ |  |  |
|  | External reverse-current absorption resistor | CN7,TB2 | RGH400A-30 $\Omega$ |  |  |
|  | External reverse-current absorption resistor | TB2 | GRZG400 3R0K (3) |  |  |
|  | Brake power 15 W | - | P15E-24-N |  |  |
|  | Brake power 30 W | - | P30E-24-N |  |  |
|  | Brake power 50 W | - | P50E-24-N |  |  |
|  | ACL/DCL Noise filter | - | To be selected by motor output. (See the appropriate engineering handbook.) |  |  |
|  |  | - | To be selected by motor output. (See the appropriate engineering handbook.) |  |  |
| Option board peripheral equipment | CC-Link terminator | TB4 | $110 \Omega 1 / 2 W \pm 5 \%$ |  |  |
|  | DeviceNet terminator | CN12 | $121 \Omega 1 / 4 W \pm 1 \%$ |  |  |
|  | RS485 terminator | CN14 | 180 $\Omega 1 / 2 W \pm 5 \%$ |  |  |
| Software | VELWIN | - | VELWIN |  |  |

## X series Servo Amplifier

## External View

## VLASX (VLPSX)-008P2.012P2




Set dimensions

## VLASX (VLPSX)-025P2




Set dimensions

## VLASX (VLPSX)-035P3



## VLASX (VLPSX)-070P3

| 00000000 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 5000000 | 00000 |
| D000000 | 100000 |
| 0000000 | 00000 |
| 0000000 | 00000 |
| 1000000 | 100000 |
| $1000 \square$ | 00000 |
| $1000 \square$ | 10001 |
| 10000000 | 100000 |
| - | - |



## X series Servo Amplifier

## External View

## VLASX (VLPSX)-100P3



## VLASX (VLPSX)-200P3



## VLASX (VLPSX)-320P3



## VLASX (VLPSX)-500P3



## X series Servo Amplifier

## External View

## VLASX (VLPSX)-400P4




Details of TB


A ir


## Affiliated High-Performance NCBOY

## High-Performance Positioner Amplifier Integrated with Servo Amplifier Single Positioner (NCBOY-120)

NCBOY-120 is the compact positioner amplifier with NC commands, sequence commands, multi-task function, etc. incorporated in the servo amplifier. Diversified operations such as cam operation (timer synchronization, master synchronization), pulse synchronization and position/speed/current mode changeover are possible. The teaching function is also available.


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## Cautions on safety:

- Before using, read through and completely understand the appropriate instruction manual provided separately.
- The contents carried in this catalog may be subject to change without prior notice to effect improvements.


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2. When these products are incorporated in another equipment, the customer may be required to apply for the export permission, depending on the application of the another equipment.

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| Tokyo Sales Section | Sukiyabashi Fuji Bldg., 2-11, Ginza 4-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-8141 <br>  <br> Phone:81-3-3567-8831 Fax:81-3-3535-2570 |
| Numazu Head Office | 2068-3, Ooka, Numazu-shi, Shizuoka Pref. 410-8510 <br>  <br> Phone:81-55-926-5032 Fax:81-55-925-6527 |
|  | Shin-Hankyu Bldg., 12-39, Umeda 1-chome, Kita-ku, Osaka 530-0001 <br>  <br> Nagoya Sales Office <br> Phone:81-6-6341-6181 Fax:81-6-6345-2738 <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> 5-307, Kamiyashiro, Meito-ku, Nagoya 465-0025 <br> Phone:81-52-702-7660 Fax:81-52-702-1141 |

## Service center

TOED TOEI ELECTRIC CO., LTD
131, Matsumoto, Mishima-shi, Shizuoka Pref. 411-8510
Phone:81-55-977-0129 Fax:81-55-977-3744


[^0]:    *1: Available only when the VLBus-V specification is selected.
    *2: Available only when the tiny positioner specification is selected.
    *3: Available only when the VLBus-V and tiny positioner specifications are selected.

[^1]:    *1: Normal amplifier operation is already verified under these conditions.

